

STATE LAWMAKERS.

Legislatures of Several States Begin Work.

SEVERAL EXCITING SCENES.

A deadlock at Lincoln, Nebraska, involving the state officers' election—Power of the Alliance in several states—State officers elected in Connecticut.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 8.—The house was called to order promptly at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The speaker appointed a committee to inform the senate the house was organized. The prohibitionists or alleged independent attorneys were present and were lobbying hard to unseat Boyd, the Democratic governor-elect. At 11 o'clock the secretary of the senate appeared in the house and announced that a committee of three had been appointed to confer with a like committee from the house to confer in regard to the time of holding the joint session to canvass for state officers. The house then appointed a like committee and so notified the senate.

A committee was then appointed to select seats and the house adjourned until 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The senate after the usual routine, pointed out a committee of three to confer with the house committee on joint rules, but he was ruled out of order by the president, who quoted the constitution: "The election of the officers of the executive department shall be sealed up and delivered to the secretary of state and directed to the speaker of the house and opened in the presence of both houses, and the one receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected." This threw a bombshell in the independent camp, as it will seat Boyd, and after the appointment of the committee to arrange a joint session to canvass the vote, the senate adjourned to 2 o'clock p. m.

The afternoon session of the legislature was characterized by scenes of excitement not wholly undramatic. Both bodies met in the house chamber to canvass the returns on state officers as made by the secretary of state. The lobbies were crowded to suffocation when Lieutenant Governor McKeljohn rapped for order, announced that the count would proceed and requested Speaker Elder to open the sealed returns.

An Alliance member moved that it be the sense of the joint assembly that the speaker of the house preside. This was declared out of order, the lieutenant governor holding that he was, under the constitution, the proper presiding officer until after his successor had qualified.

Then the hubbub began. Fifty Alliance members were on their feet with points of order, and excitedly called upon Speaker Elder to exercise what they claimed as his right. This he attempted to do, but McKeljohn held his ground, and the spectacle was presented of two presiding officers with different views. Thus the uproar continued until nearly 7 o'clock when a compromise resolution was adopted providing that the election returns be remanded to the secretary of state and that a recess be taken until to-day.

Republicans and Democrats are evidently working together against the independents who have a majority over all and in both houses, and if a prognostication were to be made it would be that Boyd, Democrat, for governor, and the balance of the Republican state officers will be seated.

THE ILLINOIS SENATORSHIP.

Three Farmers' Alliance Members Hold the Balance of Power.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 8.—The thirty-seventh general assembly of Illinois convened in regular session at the state capitol promptly at noon yesterday. The senate was called to order by Lieutenant Governor Ray and the house by Secretary of State Pearson. The absorbing question of the session will be the election of a United States senator to succeed Charles B. Farwell. It is going to be a hard battle, and already the scenes are a vivid reminder of those that were enacted in the preliminary days of that memorable campaign in which Gen. Logan and Congressman Morrison struggled for the mastery.

Senator Farwell is a candidate for reelection, although many other prominent Republicans are laying low in the hope that the lightning may strike in their direction. Gen. Palmer is a candidate, and the only one of the Democracy. As the situation now stands the senate is twenty-seven Republican to twenty-four Democratic, while in the house the Democrats muster seventy-seven, the Republicans seventy-three, and the Farmers' Alliance three.

Thus the Democrats have a total of 101 votes on joint ballot to 100 Republicans, but a quorum is 103, and consequently, the three representatives from the Farmers' Alliance hold the balance of power. Report has it, among a multitude of rumors, that Gen. Palmer has been promised the votes of two of the three, but this will neither be affirmed or denied by those most directly concerned. At any rate the prospects for a long and bitter fight are excellent.

State Officers Elected in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 8.—The complicated gubernatorial situation in Connecticut, which has been the subject of so much discussion during the past two months, has been solved. The general assembly, chosen on Nov. 4, met yesterday, and its first duty was to decide who shall be the state officers for the next two years. According to the law of Connecticut a candidate for a state office must receive a majority of the votes cast for that office in order to be elected by the people. In case no candidate receives a majority the election is thrown into the general assembly and must be decided by both houses in

GROWING GLOOMY.

The Indian Situation Very Critical.

A BATTLE SEEMS IMMINENT.

All the Reservations in Dakota in Open Rebellion—The Indians Have Reached That State of Madness in Which They Court Death—The Hostile Attack a Division of Troops, Killing Lieut. Casey.

LONG PINE, Neb., Jan. 8.—All along the line of the Elkhorn and Missouri Valley road the people believe themselves in great peril in case the battle, that seems imminent, at Pine Ridge should result adversely to the troops. A part of the National guard of Nebraska, 1,000 men, is already in the field, and the governor has ordered reinforcements.

Gen. W. L. Colby, of the state troops, is in command, with headquarters at Rushville, where the larger body of the militia is stationed. Col. Cody (Buffalo Bill), chief of staff to Governor Thayer, will confer with Gen. Colby at Rushville, and the two will decide upon the best points at which to station troops.

The report that Col. Cody was to join Gen. Miles at Pine Ridge is untrue. Buffalo Bill takes a gloomy view of the matter, and says it is his opinion that a big battle is almost sure to occur within a few days in the immediate vicinity of Pine Ridge. The Indians, he thinks, have reached that stage of their madness in which they will court death.

Since the Wounded Knee affair they are worse than ever, and the Messiah craze has made them fanatics to that degree that they firmly believe that if they go under in battle they will come to life again in the spring.

Should the Indians mass and make an attack on the troops at Pine Ridge and overcome them there would be an overrunning of the country than would mean more than a repetition of former horrors. Even if defeated the Indians will scatter in small bands and do an immense amount of damage. The fear of this, more than any belief that the Indians will raid the country before offering battle to the regulars, has led to the throwing out of a line of state troops along the Nebraska frontier. Four companies are stationed at Rushville, three at Gordon, six at Crawford, one at Hay's Spring, one at Cody and one at Chadron.

LIEUT. CASEY KILLED.

Heavy Firing Heard in the Direction of the Hostile Camp.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. Dak., Jan. 8.—Late last night Gen. Miles received official information of the killing, near the hostile camp, of Lieut. Casey, of the Twenty-second infantry, who had ventured too near the savages. He was shot through the head.

Gen. Brooke, who sent this startling information, also reports heavy firing in the direction of the hostile camp, and it is supposed that the Indians have attacked a division of the troops or fired upon a passing train. Lieut. Casey was one of the brightest young officers in the army.

The Indians who are now in rebellion, represent all the reservations in Dakota. There are many Cheyennes among them, and scouts say that bands of Arapahoes have joined the hostile force. Two troops of the First infantry from California, left Rushville for Pine Ridge at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. They will arrive here some time to-day.

Yesterday was beef issue day, and over 4,000 Indians took a hand in the slaughter of the 105 steers which were issued. Many of the hostiles came to get their meat, and when they received their share they galloped back to the village with their Winchester slung over the pommels of their saddles.

Royer to Be Removed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The published statement that all the Sioux Indian agents are to be supplanted by army officers, is denied at the interior and war departments. There will be a change made at the Pine Ridge agency, the seat of the Indian war, where Indian Agent Royer is in charge, and whose removal for lack of capacity to meet the present emergency, has been recommended to the president by Secretary Noble and Indian Commissioner Morgan.

It is understood that the president will make the removal at once, and that Capt. Pierce, an army officer of much experience in Indian agency matters, will be detailed to take the temporary charge of the agency until the present troubles are ended; but he will be under control of the secretary of the interior and the commissioner of Indian affairs like any other Indian agent, and will have no more authority than any other agent. There is no probability at all or any of the other Sioux agents will be removed.

An Indian Whipped.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash., Jan. 8.—News reached here from Rockford that last Friday a Sioux runner came to Coeur d'Alene Indian reservation, and endeavored to induce those Indians to join the hostiles. Chief Salt-ice, of Coeur d'Alene, learning of his mission, ordered his arrest and confinement in the guardhouse, and Saturday he had him whipped, after which he was taken to the limits of the reservation and dismissed with warning not to return.

Call for Arms.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 5.—Two calls

for arms to be used for the protection of settlers from Indians were received at the governor's office yesterday. Marauding Sioux are in Converse county, not over one hundred miles north of this city. The arms at the disposal of the executive were exhausted two weeks ago. Maj. Stiller, of the state guards, has been sent to Luck and Douglas to investigate, and if he thinks the situation serious the militia will be ordered out at once.

The Ghost Dance Did Not Take Place. GUTHRIE, O. T., Jan. 8.—The ghost dance which was to have begun at Red Rock yesterday, proves a failure. Representatives from many of the territory tribes, who were present, were dissuaded by the friendly Indians from holding the dance.

WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

Senate and House Proceedings and Other Items.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—In the senate yesterday Senator Shoup, of Idaho, drew the term ending in 1895, and Mr. McConnell that ending March 3 next. The conference report on the urgent deficiency bill was agreed to. The bill for education in Alaska was discussed, but not disposed of. The financial measure was then discussed. Messrs. Daniel, Plumb and Hiseock speaking at length. The house passed some minor military measures and continued the debate on the shipping bill.

Aid Asked for Negro Colonization. WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Mr. Teller introduced in the senate yesterday, at the request of the "Afro-American Colonization party," of Washington, D. C., a bill for the relief of the American colored man. The bill appropriates \$20,000,000 to secure land in southern California, transportation and subsistence for the permanent settlement of the colored people of the United States to be returned to the government with interest in forty years.

Senator McPherson's Illness. WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Senator McPherson, of Ohio, has been confined to his home for the past few days suffering from a slight attack of gastric fever. His condition is not serious. His physician has advised him to remain in doors until the weather changes. This fact probably gave rise to the report that the senator was seriously ill.

Looking After the World's Fair.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Col. George R. Davis, director general of the world's fair, is in Washington to consult with Secretary Blaine as to proper plans for securing the attendance and co-operation of other governments and the exposition. Col. Davis is enthusiastic over the prospects for the fair.

Presidential Nominations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The president sent to the senate yesterday the following nominations: H. C. Pugh, of Indiana, to be consul at Palermo; William McKnight, postmaster at Chambersburg, Pa.; O. G. Bailey, of Nebraska, register of land office, Bloomington, Neb.; also a number of army promotions.

Death of Judge Charles Devens.

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—Charles Devens, associate justice of the Massachusetts supreme court and attorney general of the United States under President Hayes, died suddenly yesterday evening, of heart disease. Judge Devens had been ailing for several days, but was not thought to be seriously ill until 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when a sudden change in his condition was noticed. A physician was hurriedly summoned, but before he arrived, Judge Devens was dead. Judge Devens was in his 71st year.

Quarrelled About a Dog.

MONROVIE, Ala., Jan. 8.—Monday evening Frank Hixen and John Ross became engaged in a quarrel and commenced firing at each other. Dan Ross came to the assistance of his brother and also began firing. When the smoke of battle cleared away John Ross was found shot through the heart. Dan Ross was still alive, but dangerously wounded. Hixen had two bullet holes in his body. The difficulty grew out of an old quarrel about the killing of a dog belonging to the Ross brothers.

Fall Over a Thirty Foot Wall.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 8.—Patrick Carroll, together with his horse and wagon fell over a thirty foot stone wall at Sixth street yesterday. Carroll received injuries from which he died later. Before the horse and wagon went over, Carroll threw his young son, who was riding with him from the wagon to the street before it went over, thus saving the boy's life. The accident was caused by Carroll being unable to control his horse.

Many Millions Lost.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Jay Gould, Sidney Dillon and President Cable, of the Rock Island road, met at the Windsor hotel yesterday, and it was stated that the meeting was a formal conference on the differences between the Union Pacific and Rock Island roads, but that the meeting was purely accidental, and that no business conference occurred.

Conspirators Sentenced.

MASSACHUSETTS, Jan. 8.—United States Judge Spear yesterday passed sentence on the conspirators in the murder of Capt. Forsythe, Luther A. Hall, Charles Clements, Louis Knight and Wright Lancaster were sentenced to life imprisonment in the Columbus, O. jail, and John K. Lancaster was let off with six years. Counsel gave notice of a motion for a new trial.

Stabbed Her Husband.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Jan. 8.—Edgar Becklan, aged 24, was stabbed and killed by his wife, Hattie, yesterday evening at South Scabrooke. The man returned home in an intoxicated condition and a quarrel ensued, during which the woman, in a fit of passion, seized a butcher knife and stabbed her husband to death. She is under arrest.

OHIO STATE NEWS.

Items Gathered Especially For Buckeye Readers.

BOARD OF HEALTH REPORT.

What Has Been Done During the Past Year to Stamp Out Disease of Various Kinds—Various Other Items of Interest to the Buckeye Reader.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 8.—The state board of health has filed its fifth annual report with the governor. La grippe, which was prevalent as a wide spread epidemic during the latter part of 1889 and first part of 1890, caused a rise in the reports of sickness. During the month of January, 1890, the largest number of deaths were reported of any month since the board's creation.

Diphtheria and typhoid fever have prevailed epidemically in a number of places. The report reviews the inspection of soldiers and sailors orphans' home at Xenia and the diphtheria epidemic. A detailed report is given of a single outbreak of smallpox during the year. This was in a small village in Wyandot county.

The state was menaced by smallpox on Pelee island in Lake Erie, but by prompt co-operation with the Canadian health authorities, the disease was confined to the island. The report contains an account of a number of disease poisonings which were investigated by the board. The report concludes that the manufacturers are in no wise to blame. The exact nature of the poison has not been learned. The board's investigation proves, however, it is not tyrotoxin, and that it is produced in cheese after it is manufactured.

The report states that there is a much greater interest shown in sanitation than ever before. A complete list and short history of all the water works in Ohio is contained in the report, and the fact stated that thirteen towns were authorized by the legislature last year to make expenditures for water works. Many towns have water works and no sewerage, or sewerage and no water works.

TRIED FOR HERESY.

The Trial of Rev. Howard McQuary, of Canton, begun at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 8.—The trial of the Rev. Howard McQuary, of Canton, O., for heresy, began before the ecclesiastical court of the Episcopal diocese of Ohio, in the chapel of Trinity cathedral, yesterday. Rev. Dr. Bates appeared as attorney for the prosecution and Judge J. H. MacMath was Rev. Mr. McQuary's legal adviser.

The trial began at 10 o'clock. Dr. Bates presented his case by reading several passages from Rev. Mr. McQuary's book, "The Evolution of Man and Christianity," wherein he expressed doubts as to the truth of the popular version of conception, birth and resurrection of Christ. When asked by the court whether he pleaded guilty or not guilty of the charge of heresy, Rev. Mr. McQuary said he pleaded not guilty. The taking of testimony was then begun. The prosecution offered McQuary's book as evidence, and the latter quoted the Scriptures, the Nicene creeds and decisions of the privy council of Great Britain.

The prosecution objected to the offering of the doctrine of the Nicene council and the proceedings as testimony in defense, on the ground that it was irrelevant to the point involved. It was not Rev. McQuary's opinions that they were inquiring into, but the objection was that his teachings were in opposition to the doctrine of the church. Chairman Chapman refused to sustain the objection of the prosecution, and Judge MacMath followed by reading a brief abstract from Huber Newton's sermon on "Robert Elsomere and the Miracles."

Dr. Bates offered in rebuttal parts of the prayer book. To this there was some objection, but he was finally permitted to read from the Apostle's creed, the Nicene creed, the lesson for Monday in Easter week and other Eastern lessons. At the conclusion of the offering of testimony Dr. Bates made his argument before the court. It involved the points already referred to in the character of the testimony offered. He drew attention merely to the expressions in the book as being the points upon which the trial was held. Rev. McQuary followed with his reply, citing numerous ecclesiastical authorities to establish his position and the correctness of his views. At the conclusion of his argument the court adjourned.

A SUICIDE'S CONFESSION.

A Colored Minister and His Wife Arrested for a Murder Committed Years Ago.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 8.—A special to The Bee from Springfield, O., tells the following terrible story of murder, criminal sexual relations and suicide. In 1886, Elder J. M. C. Clark, colored, pastor of the Baptist church in Dayton, and Carrie Moss (now his wife), murdered Clark's first wife at Yellow Springs, O. She was given soaked parlor matches, boiled dog button, rough on rats, and these failing, arsenic and quicksilver, in a pie, from which the woman died. The body was so swollen that it was with difficulty got into a coffin, but as the husband was a minister no suspicion was aroused.

The woman Moss was then living in criminal intimacy with one Taylor (white), and the latter's daughter, Effie, assisted in the murder. The girl Effie became so intimate with one Dr. Steinberger, who got her money, some \$2,500, away from her by marrying her. Monday she embezzled after telling the story of the Clark Moss crime. She said she was afraid to tell before for fear she would be hung between two negroes, but had been in hell ever since. Steinberger swore out a warrant against Elder Clark

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

more the means of education shall maintain and establish night schools for the instruction of youths whose vocations prevent their attendance at the day sessions.

Railroads and Taxes.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 8.—The total mileage and valuation of railroads with amount of taxes assessed and charged thereon, as returned to the secretary of state by the several county auditors, is as follows: Main track, 8,064.17 miles; sidings, 2,400.23, total, 10,464.41; valuation, \$102,950,642; taxes levied for 1890, \$1,730,831.74.

New Incorporations.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 7.—Articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state yesterday as follows: The Lorain Savings and Banking company, Lorain, \$70,000; Lamson & Skinner Building company, Toledo, \$50,000; Bellevue Literary association, Bellevue; Third regiment, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias.

Senator Patterson Not Injured.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 8.—The Democrats were excited and alarmed Tuesday night by reports that Senator Patterson had been seriously injured in a railroad collision on the Hocking Valley road, but it appears that the reports were exaggerated and the senator has telegraphed that he will be here to-morrow.

Three Business Blocks Burned.

FINDLAY, O., Jan. 8.—Fire at McComb, eight miles west of this city, at an early hour yesterday morning, destroyed three business blocks, with contents and several dwellings. Loss about \$20,000, with full insurance. The fire caught in a furniture shop, and was caused by spontaneous combustion.

Smother's Darling.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Jan. 8.—Ed. Smother, a mechanic aged 30 years, eloped last night with May Dice, aged 15. He told his mother they were going to Columbus.

Burned Himself Fatally.

MARTINSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 8.—Mrs. John Stinson, of wound mind, forced a prominent farmer living near Danville, saturated her clothing with kerosene oil Tuesday and applied a lighted match. Her husband in trying to save her was seriously burned. She will die.

Furnaces Will Not All Shut Down.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 8.—It is announced that only a portion of the Mahoning Valley furnaces will be out of blast next Saturday. The furnacemen are not at all in favor of shutting down, and, therefore, about half of the establishments will continue running.

The Weather.

Increasing cloudiness, followed by snow or rain during Thursday evening; easterly winds; stationary temperature.

The Right Kind of Husband.

"So you've gone to housekeeping, John?" "Yes, mother." "And how does your young wife cook?" "To tell the truth, mother, I have such pleasure in looking at her and listening to her when at table I never know what I'm eating."—Cape Cod Item.

Ask Your Friends.

Who have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla what they think of it, and the replies will be positive in its favor. One has been cured of indigestion and dyspepsia, another finds it indispensable for sick headache, others report remarkable cures of scrofula, salt rheum, etc. Truly, the best advertising which Hood's Sarsaparilla receives is the hearty endorsement of its army of friends.



ALAS!

How wretched is the man who has fallen a victim to Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, or diseased Liver, with all the horrible attendants. Look upon the picture. Poor man, being tired of dragging out a miserable existence, he is the picture of despondency; altogether, he is rather a forlorn specimen. Do we pity him? Of course; but at the same time feel assured that in a measure he is to blame for the bad state into which he has fallen. A sure, safe, speedy and easy cure can be found in Hood's Liver Regulator—Nature's own remedy.

No mercury or other dangerous drugs, unpleasant to the taste, and always reliable—just such a remedy as you can put your faith to without a shadow of disappointment. Read of the testimonial, don't take our word for it.

"I have been so tormented by a severe spell of Constipation of the Liver, and have been in the habit of taking from 15 to 20 grains of calomel, which generally had more effect than three or four days' use of Hood's Liver Regulator. I have been given the medicine with an understanding to discontinue it." J. H. Hoot, Middletown, Ohio.

J. H. ZEILY & CO., Sole Proprietors, PHILADELPHIA, PA. PRICE, \$1.00.

